

# Operations on Contolled Rough Paths

**Goal:** understand basic operations needed for studying RDE and in particular an Ito's formula for functions of a controlled rough paths:

$$dY_t = Y'_t d\mathbf{X}_t + d\Gamma_t \quad \left( Y_{0,t} = \int_0^t Y'_s d\mathbf{X}_s + \Gamma_{0,t} \right).$$

for regular enough drift  $\Gamma_t$ . Plan:

- (i) - Controlled rough paths as rough paths
- (ii) - Composition with regular functions
- (iii) - Ito's lemma

Disclaimer: We fix an interval  $[0, T]$  and write  $\mathcal{C}^\alpha(V) \equiv \mathcal{C}^\alpha([0, T]; V)$ . Often, we will not specify the Banach space and adridge the notation to  $\mathcal{C}^\alpha$ .

## Preliminary:

- RI against rough path  $\int Y d\mathbf{X}$  for  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha(V)$ ,  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(\mathcal{L}(V; W))$ :  
 $\Xi_{u,v} = Y_u X_{u,v} + Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v}$ ,  $\|\delta\Xi\|_{3\alpha} < \infty$
- RI against controlled rough path  $\int Y dZ$  for  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha(V)$ ,  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(\mathcal{L}(\bar{W}; W))$ ,  $(Z, Z') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(W)$   
 $\Xi_{u,v} = Y_u Z_{u,v} + Y'_u Z'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v}$ ,  $\|\delta\Xi\|_{3\alpha} < \infty$

## 1 Controlled RP as RP

Rough integration allows us to compute  $\int_s^t X_{s,r} \otimes d\mathbf{X}_r = \mathbb{X}_{s,t}$  (sanity check). This holds because

$$\Xi_{u,v}^s = X_{s,u} \otimes X_{u,v} + \mathbb{X}_{u,v}$$

so that identity holds for any partition. We have relation  $(X, \text{Id}) \in \mathcal{D}^{2\alpha}$  and  $(X, \mathbb{X}) \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha$ . More generally one expects injection

$$\mathcal{D}^{2\alpha}(W) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}^\alpha(W)$$

That is, to associate a RP to any controlled RP

$$(Y, Y') \mapsto (Y, \mathbb{Y})$$

$$\mathbb{Y}_{s,t} := \int_s^t Y_{s,r} \otimes dY_r = \mathcal{I}(\Xi^s)_{s,t} \quad \Xi_{u,v}^s = Y_{s,u} \otimes Y_{u,v} + (Y'_u \otimes Y'_u) \mathbb{X}_{u,v}$$

We have  $\|\mathbb{Y}\|_{2\alpha} < \infty$  consequence of  $|\mathcal{I}(\Xi^s)_{s,t} - \Xi_{s,t}^s| \lesssim |t-s|^{3\alpha}$  and  $\|\Xi_{s,t}^s\|_{2\alpha} < \infty$ . Chen's relation is obvious from the fact that  $\delta(\int_s^t Y_r \otimes dY_r)_{s,u,t} = 0$  (abstract integration property) and that  $\delta(\int_s^t Y_s \otimes dY_r)_{s,u,t} = Y_{s,u} \otimes Y_{u,t}$ .

**Lemma 1.** (Consistency).  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha$ ,  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$ ,  $\mathbf{Y} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha$  (canonical). If  $(\tilde{Z}, \tilde{Z}') \in \mathcal{D}_Y^{2\alpha}$ , then setting  $Z_t := \tilde{Z}$  and  $Z'_t := \tilde{Z}' Y'_t$  ( $Z, Z') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$  and consistency

$$\int_s^t \tilde{Z}_r d\mathbf{Y}_r = \int_s^t Z_r dY_r$$

**Proof.** First show that  $(Z, Z') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$ :

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{s,t} = \tilde{Z}_{s,t} &= \tilde{Z}'_s Y_{s,t} + O(|t-s|^{2\alpha}) \\ &= \tilde{Z}'_s Y'_s X_{s,t} + O(|t-s|^{2\alpha}). \end{aligned}$$

The second integral has local approximation:

$$\begin{aligned} \Xi_{u,v} &= Z_u Y_{u,v} + Z'_u Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} \\ &= Z_u Y_{u,v} + \tilde{Z}'_u Y'_u Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} \end{aligned}$$

By definition of  $\mathbb{Y}$ , we have the local approximation estimate  $|\mathbb{Y}_{s,t} - (Y'_u \otimes Y'_u) \mathbb{X}_{u,v}| \sim O(|t-s|^{3\alpha})$  so that the first integral has local approximation

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{\Xi}_{u,v} &= \tilde{Z}'_u Y_{u,v} + \tilde{Z}'_u \mathbb{Y}_{u,v} \\ &= \Xi_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \end{aligned} \quad \square$$

## 2 Composition with Regular Functions

What happens when we take functions of a controlled rough path? Let  $\varphi \in \mathcal{C}_b^2(W; \bar{W})$ ,  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha(V)$ ,  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(\mathcal{L}(V; W))$ . What is the Gubinelli derivative of  $\varphi(Y)_t := \varphi(Y_t)$ ? Natural guess is

$$\varphi(Y)' = D\varphi(Y)Y'$$

which is consistent with composition of functions, in the sense that

$$\phi(\varphi(Y))' = D\phi(\varphi(Y))\varphi(Y)' = D(\phi \circ \varphi)(Y)Y'$$

**Lemma 2.**  $(\varphi(Y), \varphi(Y)') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(\mathcal{L}(V; \bar{W}))$ .

**Proof.**

$$|\varphi(Y)_{s,t}| \leq \|D\varphi\|_\infty |Y_{s,t}| \sim O(|t-s|^\alpha)$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\varphi(Y)'_{s,t}| &= |D\varphi(Y_t)Y'_t - D\varphi(Y_s)Y'_s| \\ &\leq \|D\varphi\|_\infty |Y'_{s,t}| + \|Y'\|_\infty |D\varphi(Y)_{s,t}| \\ &\leq \|D\varphi\|_\infty |Y'_{s,t}| + \|Y'\|_\infty \|D^2\varphi\|_\infty |Y_{s,t}| \sim O(|t-s|^\alpha) \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} |R_{s,t}^\varphi| &= |\varphi(Y)_{s,t} - \varphi(Y)'_s X_{s,t}| \\ &= |\varphi(Y_t) - \varphi(Y_s) - D\varphi(Y_s)Y'_s X_{s,t}| \\ &= |\varphi(Y_t) - \varphi(Y_s) - D\varphi(Y_s)Y_{s,t} + D\varphi(Y_s)R_{s,t}^Y| \\ &\lesssim \|D^2\varphi\| |Y_{s,t}|^2 + \|D\varphi(Y_s)\| |R_{s,t}^Y| \sim O(|t-s|^{2\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

□

**Corollary 3.** (*Leibniz*).  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}, (Z, Z') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$ . Then  $(YZ, Y'Z + YZ') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$ .

**Proof.**  $|(Y'Z + YZ')_{s,t}| = |Y'_t Z_t + Y_t Z'_t - Y'_s Z_s - Y_s Z'_s| \sim O(|t-s|^\alpha)$

$$\begin{aligned} |R_{s,t}^U| &= |Y_t Z_t - Y_s Z_s - Y'_s Z_s X_{s,t} - Y_s Z'_s X_{s,t}| \\ &= |Y_t Z_t - Y_s Z_s - Y_{s,t} Z_s - Y_s Z_{s,t} + R_{s,t}^Y Z_s + Y_s R_{s,t}^Z| \\ &\lesssim |Y_{s,t} Z_s + R_{s,t}^Y Z_s + Y_s R_{s,t}^Z| \sim O(|t-s|^{2\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

□

**Lemma 4.**  $\varphi \in C_b^2(W; \bar{W}), X, Y \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha([0, T]; W)$ . Then, if  $\|X\|_{\alpha, [0, T]}, \|Y\|_{\alpha, [0, T]} \leq K$

$$\|\varphi(X) - \varphi(Y)\|_{\alpha; [0, T]} \lesssim_{\alpha, T, K} \|\varphi\|_{C_b^2} (|X_0 - Y_0| + \|X - Y\|_{\alpha; [0, T]})$$

**Proof.** Interpolate

$$\begin{aligned} \varphi(X_t) - \varphi(Y_t) &= \int_0^1 \frac{d}{dr} \varphi(rX_t + (1-r)Y_t) dr \\ &= \int_0^1 D\varphi(rX_t + (1-r)Y_t)(X_t - Y_t) dr \\ &= F(X_t, Y_t)(X_t - Y_t) \end{aligned}$$

so that

$$\begin{aligned} &|\varphi(X_t) - \varphi(Y_t) - \varphi(X_s) + \varphi(Y_s)| \\ &= |F(X_t, Y_t)(X_t - Y_t) - F(X_s, Y_s)(X_s - Y_s)| \\ &\leq |F(X_t, Y_t)(X_{s,t} - Y_{s,t})| + |(F(X_t, Y_t) - F(X_s, Y_s))(X_s - Y_s)| \\ &\lesssim \|D\varphi\|_\infty |t-s|^\alpha \|X - Y\|_\alpha + \|D^2\varphi\|_\infty (|X_{s,t}| + |Y_{s,t}|) \|X - Y\|_\infty \\ &\lesssim \|\varphi\|_{C_b^2} |t-s|^\alpha (\|X - Y\|_\alpha + K \|X - Y\|_\infty) \end{aligned}$$

so that claim follows because  $\|X - Y\|_\infty \leq |X_0 - Y_0| + \sup_t (|X_{0,t} - Y_{0,t}|) \leq |X_0 - Y_0| + T^\alpha \|X - Y\|_\alpha$ .

□

Recall that if  $X, \tilde{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha(V), (Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}(W), (Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_{\tilde{X}}^{2\alpha}(W)$ , we set a distance (not a metric, does not separate)

$$\|Y, Y'; \tilde{Y}, \tilde{Y}'\|_{X, \tilde{X}, 2\alpha} := \|Y' - \tilde{Y}'\|_\alpha + \|R^Y - R^{\tilde{Y}}\|_{2\alpha}$$

Then, same holds for controlled rough paths:

**Theorem 5.** (*Stability*).

$$\begin{aligned} &\|\varphi(Y) - \varphi(\tilde{Y})\|_\alpha, \|\varphi(Y), \varphi(Y)'; \varphi(\tilde{Y}), \varphi(\tilde{Y})'\|_{X, \tilde{X}, 2\alpha} \\ &\lesssim \|X - \tilde{X}\|_\alpha + |Y_0 - \tilde{Y}_0| + |Y'_0 - \tilde{Y}'_0| + \|Y, Y'; \tilde{Y}, \tilde{Y}'\|_{X, \tilde{X}, 2\alpha} \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Ito's Lemma

We saw that an Ito's formula for  $F \in C_b^3(V; W)$ ,  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha(V)$ :

$$F(\mathbf{X})_{0,t} = \int_0^t \mathbb{D}F(\mathbf{X}_s) d\mathbf{X}_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t \mathbb{D}^2F(\mathbf{X}_s) d[\mathbf{X}]_s,$$

where  $\mathcal{C}^{2\alpha}(V \otimes V) \ni [\mathbf{X}]_{s,t} := X_{s,t} \otimes X_{s,t} - 2\mathbb{S}_{s,t}$  (recall that  $\delta[\mathbf{X}]_{s,u,t} = 0$ ). We have a similar formula:

**Theorem 6.** (Ito).  $F \in C^3(V; W)$ ,  $\mathbf{X} \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha$ ,  $(Y, Y') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$  of the form

$$Y_t = Y_0 + \int_0^t Y'_s d\mathbf{X}_s + \Gamma_t$$

with  $(Y', Y'') \in \mathcal{D}_X^{2\alpha}$ , then

$$F(Y)_{0,t} = \int_0^t \mathbb{D}F(Y_s) Y'_s d\mathbf{X}_s + \int_0^t \mathbb{D}F(Y_s) d\Gamma_s + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^t \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_s) (Y'_s, Y'_s) d[\mathbf{X}]_s.$$

**Proof.** By the local approximation of the rough integral we have the increments

$$Y_{s,t} = Y'_s X_{s,t} + Y''_s \mathbb{X}_{s,t} + \Gamma_{s,t} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \quad (1)$$

We use Ito formula for rough paths  $(Y, \mathbb{Y}) \in \mathcal{C}^\alpha$

$$F(Y)_{u,v} = \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) Y_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}F(Y_u)' \mathbb{Y}_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) [\mathbf{Y}]_{u,v}$$

Recall now that  $\mathbb{D}F(Y_u)' = \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u)$  and that  $\mathbb{Y}_{u,v} = Y'_u Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha})$  and that

$$\begin{aligned} [\mathbf{Y}]_{u,v} &= Y_{u,v} \otimes Y_{u,v} - 2\text{Sym}(\mathbb{Y}_{u,v}) \\ &= Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} \otimes Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} - 2Y'_u Y'_u \text{Sym}(\mathbb{X}_{u,v}) + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \\ &= Y'_u Y'_u [\mathbf{X}]_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

we can write

$$\begin{aligned} F(Y)_{u,v} &= \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) Y_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u [\mathbf{X}]_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \\ &= \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) (Y_{u,v} - Y''_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v}) + \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} \\ &\quad + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u \mathbb{X}_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u [\mathbf{X}]_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \\ &= \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) Y'_u X_{u,v} + (\mathbb{D}F(Y_u) Y''_u + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u) \mathbb{X}_{u,v} \\ &\quad + \mathbb{D}F(Y_u) \Gamma_{u,v} + \mathbb{D}^2F(Y_u) Y'_u Y'_u [\mathbf{X}]_{u,v} + O(|t-s|^{3\alpha}) \end{aligned}$$

where we used the equation for  $Y$ , and the tools developed previously, e.g., the Leibniz rule and so on. The increment in the last line gives rise to Young integral since  $\Gamma, [\mathbf{X}] \in \mathcal{C}^{2\alpha}$ .  $\square$